Babu Banarasi DasUniversity Lucknow

SCHOOL OF MANAGEMENT

Course Curriculum

Bachelor of Commerce (Honours)

[Effective from Academic Session: 2019-20]

Course Curriculum of Bachelor of Commerce(Hons.)

Version Control

Version	2.0
Effective from	1 st July, 2019

Approved by Board of Studies of School of Management on 30th May 2019

INTRODUCTION

The Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) is an undergraduate degree program, designed to cover broader spectrum of commerce with core modules from accountancy, taxation and finance. The course focuses on inculcating acumen for accountancy. The objective of the course is to equip the students with domain knowledge of commerce and accounting principles applied to contemporary business practices. The curriculum of the B. Com. (Honours) degree course is rigorous and progressive, and prepares its graduates for careers in accountancy and finance as well as for other professional roles such as economic, business and security analysts.

The program spans over a period of three years comprising of six semesters. The program of B.Com(H) has an edge over other traditional undergraduate courses. The course structure is designed in such a way that along with proficiency in Accountancy the student also develops understanding in the area of finance, economics and management. It provides wider career options in financial sector other than accountancy and auditing. The course focuses to train students with the specialized skill sets best suited to deliver in today's globalized business.

The uniquely designed pedagogy of entire three years teaching curriculum imbibes the contemporary traits and audit oriented projects on specialized streams of commerce. During the three years of the program, students are required to take-up live problems related to accounting and finance, laws and policies concerning commerce, business management, financial decision making etc.

PROJECT REPORT:

Project Report, in the final semester, is an integral part of the curriculum. The problem/topic will be assigned by the School of Management, BBD University under the supervision of a core faculty member of the department. The research should be based on primary data.

The average size of Report ordinarily will be of 75 typed pages or more in standard font size (12) and double spacing. Three neatly typed and hard bound copies of the report will be submitted to the Head of the B.Com.(H) program or to the Dean, School of Management. The report will be typed in A-4 size paper.

The students are also required to make a brief presentation of the report. The evaluation will be based on the report writing, presentation and viva-voice.

ELECTIVES:

Along with this compulsory practical exposure, the students will have an opportunity to select two electives in the sixth semester of their course. Elective 1, known as Generic Elective, is from the same domain i.e. accounting and finance. Elective 2, known as Open Elective, addresses the general business environment of the country. The generic elective helps in rendering extra knowledge in the field of Accounting and Finance. The open elective has been incorporated to acquaint the students that business decisions are also influenced by macro factors.

ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA:

60% or equivalent in plus 2 or equivalent with Mathematics/Business Mathematics as one the papers; 5% relaxation for SC/ST students

ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION OF COURSES:

Assessment and evaluation of courses will be as per BBD University guidelines.

CREDIT SYSTEM:

Credit system will be followed during the entire three year course curriculum. All courses carry 4 credits except Environmental Science which carries 2 credits. One credit will be equivalent to 30 learning hours.

	Semester I										
Course	Theory /	Course			Contact Hours		Evaluation Scheme ES				
Category	Practical	Code	Course Title	L	T	P	CIA	E	Total	Credits	
Core	Theory	BCOM 2101	Business Organization & Management	4	0	0	40	60	100	4	
Foundation	Theory	BCOM 2102	Financial Accounting	2	2	0	40	60	100	4	
Core	Theory	BCOM 2103	Business Communication	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
Core	Theory	BCOM 2104	Business Statistics	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
Core	Theory	BCOM 2105	Micro Economics	3	1	0	40	60	100	4	
Core	Theory	BCOM 2106	Business Environment	3	0	1	40	60	100	4	
Core	Practical	GP2101	General Proficiency				100		100	1	
	•	Total	·						700	25	

			Semester II							
Course	Theory /	Course		_	Contact Evaluation Hours Scheme ES		-			
Category	Practical	Code	Course Title	L	T	P	CIA	${f E}$	Total	Credits
Core	Theory	BCOM 2201	Business Mathematics	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2202	Fundamentals of Computer	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2203	Macro Economics	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2204	Organizational Behaviour	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Foundation	Theory	BCOM 2205	Cost Accounting	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BAS 3204	Environmental Studies*	2	0	0	40	60	100	2
Core	Practical	GP2201	General Proficiency				100		100	1
		Total							700	23

^{*}Course Outline of Environmental Studies shall be approved by Department of Chemistry, BBD University.

			Semester III							
	Theory /			Contact Evaluation Hours Scheme		_				
Course Category	Practical	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	CIA	ES E	Total	Credits
Core	Theory	BCOM 2301	Business Laws	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2302	Corporate Accounting	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2303	Operations Management	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2304	Marketing Management	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Foundation	Theory	BCOM 2305	Income Tax Law and Practice	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2306	Financial Management	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Practical	GP2301	General Proficiency				100		100	1
		Total							700	25

			Semester IV							
	TP1 /			Contact Hours		_ : :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::				
Course Category	Theory / Practical	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	CIA	ES E	Total	Credits
Core	Theory	BCOM 2401	Human Resource Management	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2402	Indian Economy - Performance and Policies	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2403	Corporate Laws	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2404	Auditing - Principles and Practice	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2405	Management Accounting	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2406	Business Ethics	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Practical	GP2401	General Proficiency				100		100	1
		Total							700	25

			Semester V							
Course Category	Theory / Practical	Course Code	Course Title		onta Hour T		Evaluation Scheme ES CIA E Total		Credits	
-	Theory	BCOM	Business Research Tools	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core		2501								
Core	Theory	BCOM 2502	Investment Analysis	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2503	Insurance and Risk Management	3	1	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2504	Entrepreneurship and Small Business Management	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2505	Advertising and Brand Management	4	0		40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2506	Financial Markets, Institutions and Financial Services	4	0		40	60	100	4
Core	Practical	GP2501	General Proficiency				100		100	1
		Total							700	25

			Semester VI							
	Theory /				Contact Evaluation Hours Scheme					
Course Category	Practical	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	CIA	ES E	Total	Credits
Core	Theory	BCOM 2601	Goods & Services Tax	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2602	International Business Management	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2603	Strategic Management and Business Policy	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory	BCOM 2604	Project Report				40	60	100	4
Core	Theory		Generic Elective#	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Theory		Open Elective**	4	0	0	40	60	100	4
Core	Practical	GP2601	General Proficiency				100		100	1
		Total							700	25

**List of open electives to be prepared centrally by BBD University. Students can opt for any course from this list except those offered by School of Management, BBD University.

Select one subject from the given list of generic electives

	Code	Course Title
	GE27801	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management
Generic Electives	GE27802	Indian Banking System
Diceives	GE27803	Corporate Tax Planning
	GE27804	Foreign Exchange
		Management

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE (HONOURS)

Course Title: Business Organization and Management

Course Code: BCOM2101 Course Credit: 4

		<u> </u>	
COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: * Management and business concepts and practices.		
	Emerging challenges of managing resources, managing business processes and managing managers.		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	Define the concept of business organization and list down forms of organization.		
	2. Understand the role of sole proprietorship decision-making at the level of the firm.	No. of	No. of
	3. Understand the concept of Partnership firm and joint stock concerns.	Hours	Credits
	4. Develop the understanding of the concepts of financial institutions like IFCI, SFC, ICICI, IDBI.		
	5. Understand market structure and apply it to different industries to understand the four P's of marketing structure of these industries.		
	6. Apply the concepts of advertisement and sales promotion to real life situations.		
Module I: In	troduction to Organization		
a new busing responsibility	objectives of business organization, establishment of ness, pre-establishment considerations and social of business. Meaning, objective and principles of line and staff, functional organization, concept of	30	1
Module II: F	orms of Business Organization		
Sole Propri requirements. legal require concerns: M requirements	30	1	
Module III: 1	Business Finance		
financing: lo	ance: Concept, need and significance. Methods of ng term, medium term and short term. National iternational finance. Financial institutions: Brief	30	1

introduction to IFCI, SFC, ICICI, IDBI. Security market: An introduction to primary and secondary market.		
Module IV: Marketing Marketing: Concept of marketing, four P's of Marketing. Distribution channel: Meaning, importance, and significance of middlemen. Advertisement and sales promotion: Meaning and objectives.	30	1

- 1. Tulsian P. C. and Pandey V., Business Organization and Management, Pearson Education.
- 2. Bhushan Y. K., Fundamentals of Business Organization and Management, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 3. Chhabra T.N., Business Organisation, Dhanpat Rai and Sons.
- 4. Robert., Modern Business Administration, McMillan India.

Course Title: Financial Accounting

Course Code: BCOM2102 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with:	1 1 O • OI	No. of Credits
Module I: In Meaning and information, in Accounting accounting accounting S Accounting S Standards (IF cash book: the	30	1	
Trial Balance	inancial Statements : need, importance, limitations. Preparation of trading count and balance sheet with simple adjustments.	30	1

Module III: BRS, Depreciation and Hire Purchase Bank reconciliation statement. Depreciation: concept, rationale and methods of SLM, WDV, SFM. Hire purchase and installment systems.	30	1
Module IV: Company Accounts Issue of shares including forfeiture of shares, issue of bonus shares, issue of Preference Share. Debenture: Redemption of Debenture and its methods. Cash conversion. Sinking fund and miscellaneous Accounts	30	1

- 1. Chaturvedi C. L., Advanced Accountancy, Shree Mahavir Book Depot.
- 2. Gupta R. L. and Radha Swami M., Financial Accounting, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 3. Gupta R. L., Advanced Accountancy, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 4. Maheshwari S.N & Maheshwari S.K ,An Introduction to Accountancy, Vikas Publication

Note: 50% of the questions asked will be theoretical.

Course Title: Business Communication

Course Code: BCOM2103 Course Credit: 4

r	T T		
COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with: Professional communication: written and oral. Aspects of work team communication, electronic communication and business correspondence planning. Facets of report writing. The students should be able to: 1. Develop their ability to write and		
	speak efficiently in the workplace. 2. Develop effective interpersonal communication skills. 3. Understand and utilize constructive negotiation and conflict management skills. 4. Use communication technology appropriately and effectively. 5. Prepare letters that meet professional standards of format, presentation and style. 6. Develop clear and meaningful understanding of business reports and its characteristics. 7. Understand how to gather and organize information for a report. 8. Plan, proof-read and edit copies of business correspondence.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Communicati components directions of Types of com verbal. Barrie	on: Concept, definition, nature, importance and of communication. Communication process, communications, networks of communication. Immunication: formal, informal, verbal, and noners to communication. Principles of effective on: 7C's of communication.	30	1
Communicati group goals,	Vork Team Communication on in work team: Group communication, Initial Solving group problems: negotiation and up Decision Making. Listening skills.	30	1
Accessing ele	Fechnology and Communication ectronic information: internet, internet protocol, d searching the internet. Sharing electronic Word processing, MS-Word. E-mail: Effective	30	1

e-mail practices. Correspondence Planning, drafting, revising. Replies, routine claim letters, adjustment letter, goodwill messages, congratulating messages, thank-you notes, sympathy notes. Persuasive messages: Request.		
Module IV: Report Writing Characteristics of business reports, types of reports, purpose of reports. Collecting and analyzing data through questionnaire & interviews. Constructing tables, preparing charts and interpreting data. Writing report: planning, drafting, revising, formatting and proof reading.	30	1

- 1. Kaul A., Business Communication, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Sharma, R.C. and Krishna Mohan, Business Correspondence and Report Writing, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Ober Scot, Contemporary Business Communication, Cengage Learning.

Course Title: Business Statistics

Course Code: BCOM2104 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 Quantitative information and statistical ideas. Recognition of patterns through statistical diagrams. Formulation and solution of linear programming problems. Probability and its application in business decisions. Understand the basic concept of statistics and its implementation in various business situations. Evaluate information, both quantitative and qualitative, through sets and Venn diagrams. Present statistical data through diagrams and graphs. Apply and relate decision making through statistical tools and techniques. Recognize problems that linear programming can handle and find optimal solutions subject to some constraints. Sharpen ability to make quality, reasoned business decisions through matrices and probability. Develop quantitative relationships between variables and draw inference thereon. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Set theory, for set: complem Diagrammatic	ts and Business Mathematics orm of writing a set, subset, equal set, operation on ent of a set, union, and intersection. Venn-diagram. e and graphical presentation of statistical data: bar ogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve, ogive	30	1
Measurement deciles, and part standard devi	Elementary Statistics of central tendency: Mean, median, mode, quartile, percentile. Measures of dispersion: mean deviation, lation. Business application of statistical tools and kewness and Kurtosis.	30	1
Module III:	Matrices and Linear Programming	30	1

Matrices: Types of matrices, algebra of matrices. Solution of equations. Linear programming: Two variables problem, formulation, solution by graphical method.		
Module IV: Probability and Correlation Probability: Definition, addition and multiplication rule, conditional probability, Bayes' theorem, Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution. Correlation and Regression: Scatter diagram, Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, rank correlation, simple linear regression, method of least square.	30	1

- 1. Tulsian P.C., Business Statistics, S. Chand Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Pundir, Mathematical Foundation for Business Administration, Pragati Prakashan.
- 3. Zameeruddin, Khanna and Bhambri, Business Mathematics, Vikas Publishing.
- 4. Raghavachari, Mathematics for Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.

Note: 50% of the questions asked will be theoretical.

Course Title: Micro Economics

Course Code: BCOM2105 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 ❖ Initial introduction to the topic of economics and business economics. ❖ Demand analysis, its elasticity and forecasting. ❖ Market structure and types of competition in it. ❖ Planning and policies of profit. The students should be able to: 1. Conceptualize the scope of economics and business economics and become familiar with objectives of firm. 2. Analyze market demand and the factors governing it. 3. Identify various methods of demand analysis and demand forecasting. 4. Analyze cost and its concepts and their classification on different basis. 5. Decide about different market structures and the pricing decisions according to them. 6. Conceptualize profit maximization and policies made and planning done to achieve the goal of profit maximization with customer satisfaction. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
other subjec	conomics: Definition, scope and relationship with ts. Role and responsibility of a managerial bjectives of a firm.	30	1
Elasticity of elasticity of of forecasting:	Demand Analysis I demand: Concepts, types, measurements of demand, implications in decision-making. Demand meaning and significance of demand forecasting, demand forecasting, characteristics of a good asting.	30	1
Cost concer relationship: diseconomies decision poli structures:	Cost Analysis ots and classification of costs. Cost-output Short run and Long run. Economies and of scale. Cost control and reduction. Pricing icies, Pricing Decisions under different market Perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic oligopoly. Main features of each market structure,	30	1

price determination And managerial implications. Pricing policies and methods.		
Module IV: Profit policies and planning Concept, theories of profit, measurement of profit. Break-even analysis: Concepts, methods of estimation, application in profit planning.	30	1

- 1. Ahuja, H. L., Business Economics, S. Chand Limited.
- 2. Mishra and Puri., Business Economics, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Koutsoyuianni, Modern Micro Economics, Macmillan.

Course Title: Business Environment

Course Code: BCOM2106 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 ★ Business scenarios in today's world. ★ Various policies, laws and their impact on the business. ★ General issues relating to the economic and non-economic environment of the business. ★ Global business environment and the natural environment in which the business operates. The students should be able to: 1. Understand and enhance their knowledge about the various types of business environment: Political, Economic, Socio-cultural, Legal, Technological and Global environment. 2. Analyze the framework of economic planning, its importance and contribution in regional, national and international context. 3. Comprehend the role of public sector along with various government regulatory acts and policies regarding business environment including industrial, monetary and fiscal policies. 4. Interpret and highlight the impact of globalization, liberalization and privatization with policies related to foreign companies. 5. Develop the understanding of concepts of financial Institutions and economic policies. 6. Get a deeper understanding towards recent economic trends. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Components technological	of business environment: economic, political, and social environment. Consumerism and consumer India. A brief study of capitalism, socialism and	30	1
Industrial Gro Economic p	ndustrial and Legal Environment owth and policy, industrial licensing policy. MRTP. blanning: aims, objectives and framework of planning in India. Legal Environment. India's Fiscal of Policies.	30	1

Module III: Public Sector and Economic Organizations Public Sector: Concept, Rationale, Government Programme, Role of Public Sector in India. Foreign Trade Policies. Development Banks: IFCI, IDBI, SIDBI, IIBI.	30	1
Module IV: Recent Economic Trends Economic Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization. Foreign investment policy. Export Promotion councils and boards. Import Control. EXIM policy, FEMA, IPR (International and Indian Patent Rights Acts). Anti Pollution Act. Environmental Groups and Bodies. Euro I, II and III Norms.	30	1

- 1. Mishra S. K. and Puri V. K., Economic Environment of Business, Himalaya Publication.
- 2. Paul, Justin., Business Environment Text and Cases, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Shaikh and Saleem, Business Environment, Pearson, 1st Edition.

Course Title: Business Mathematics

Course Code: BCOM2201 Course Credit: 4

Course Coue. DCO		Course	
ORIECTIVE	miliarize students with: Important and growing role of		
*	Business Mathematics in modern society. Reading cum practical applications of Business Mathematics in every field of management. Working knowledge of current trends, interpretation and relation of these trends to different sectors of firms.		
LEARNING The s	tudents should be able to:		
OUTCOMES: 1.	Use the basic principles of arithmetic and apply mathematical skills to financial decisions.		
2.	Apply the concept of ratio and percentage on calculating cost, discount, commission and profit & loss.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
3.	Explain the use of interest, annuities and present value of money and apply this in risk and decision making.		
4.	Develop strong problem-solving skills and the ability to handle non-routine problems by applying appropriate concepts and notation.		
5.	Analyze the procedures for Sets, Matrices and Permutation & Combination.		
6.	Recognize problems that linear programming can handle and find optimal solutions subject to some constraints.		
7.	Solve basic differentiation and integration problems.		
Module I: Basic Ar	ithmetic		
invoice price, disco	ge: its application in calculating cost and unt, commission and brokerage, Profit & Arithmetic, Geometric and Harmonic	30	1
Module II: Mathen	natics of Finance	30	1

Simple and Compound interest. Concept of present value and amount of money. Types of Annuities, Present value and Amount of an Annuity. Concept, calculation of Perpetuity.		
Module III: Set Theory Sets Theory: Introduction, Operation on set, Application of Algebra of sets, Cartesian product of two sets, Boolean algebra. Elementary Permutation and Combination.	30	1
Module IV: Linear Programming and Calculus Linear Programming: Graphical methods of Solution, Problems relating to two variables including the case of mixed constraints, Simplex Methods. Basic operations of Differentiation and Integration.	30	1

- 1. Zameeruddin, Khanna and Bhambri, Business Mathematics, Vikas Publishing.
- 2. Sharma J. K., Business Mathematics: Theory and Application, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, 2nd Edition.
- 3. Shukla S. M., Business Mathematics, Sahitya Bhawan Publication, Agra.

Course Title: Fundamentals of Computers

Course Code: BCOM2202 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: ❖ Fundamentals of computer hardware and software. ❖ Advanced concepts such as security, networking, and operating system. The students should be able to: 1. Understand the basic concepts of computer and its evolution. 2. Identify basic input, output & memory devices and their use. 3. Develop a broad understanding of IT and its other interdisciplinary interfaces. 4. Describe the internal components of a computer and establish their working. 5. Understand the concept of operating system 	No. ours	No. of Credits
	 and GUI. Understand the importance and relevance of data communication, networking & security. Cater to the needs of effectively managing the business by bridging the gap between managerial practices in vogue and Information Technology. 		
Evolution of Characteristic computers. Hadvantages computer, Furof computers Hybrid, On the Micro, Mini, General and Strain V. Types of Interpreter. Garage High Level, 4 Data Represe Binary, Octal Point Only	entation: Different Number Systems like Decimal, and Hexadecimal and their inter conversion: Fixed	30	1
Module II: In Input and Out Scanner, MIC	nput and Output Devices put Devices: Keyboard, Mouse, Joystick, Digitizer, CR, OCR, OMR, Light Pen, Touch Screen, Bar Code e Input Device, Monitor and its type: VGA, SVGA	30	1

and XGA, Printer and its type: Impact and Non-Impact with example, Plotter. Computer Memory: Primary Memory, ROM and its types: PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, RAM. Secondary memory: SASD, DASD Concept. Magnetic Disks: Floppy disks, Hard disks, Magnetic Tape. Optical disks: CD ROM and its types: CD ROM, CD ROM-R, CD ROM-EO, DVD ROM Flash memory.		
Module III: Operating System Concept and GUI Operating System Concept: Introduction to operating system, Function of OS, Types of operating systems. Booting Procedure, Start-up sequence, Details of basic system configuration. Important terms like Directory, File, Volume, Label, Drive name, etc. Introduction to GUI using Windows Operating System: All Directory Manipulation: Creating directory, Sub directory, Renaming, Copying and Deleting the directory. File Manipulation: Creating a file, Deleting, Copying and Renaming a file.	30	1
Module IV: Concept of Data Communication, Networking and Security Networking Concepts, Types of networking: LAN, MAN AND WAN. Communication Media. Mode of Transmission: Simplex, Half Duplex, Full Duplex, Analog and Digital Transmission, Synchronous and Asynchronous Transmission. Different Topologies. Introduction to Word processor and Spread Sheets. Concepts related to computer security.	30	1

- 1. Leon and Leon, Introduction to Information Technology, Leon Tech World.
- 2. Microsoft Office-2000 Complete, BPB Publication.
- 3. Sinha Kr. Pradeep, Sinha Preeti., Foundations of Computing, BPB Publication.

Course Title: Macro Economics

Course Code: BCOM2203 Course Credit: 4

	To familiarize students with:		
COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 Basic concepts of macroeconomics. Preliminary concepts associated with the determination and measurement of aggregate macroeconomic variables. 		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	1. Understand and appreciate the concepts of macroeconomics in theory and practice.		
	2. Define and measure national income and rates of unemployment and inflation.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	3. Use appropriately the marginal efficiency techniques of investment employed in	Hours	Credits
	macroeconomic theory. 4. Critically appraise the classical and modern		
	theoretical models of macro market analysis. 5. Understand and apply the concept of		
	economics in the money market. 6. Construct the IS-LM model and establish		
	the relationship between product market and		
Madula I. C	money market.		
Determination	oncepts of Macro Economics and National Income on		
macro-econor	mics: Definitions, importance, growth, limitations of mics, macro-economic variables. Circular flow of wo, three, four sector economy, relation between injections in circular flow.	30	1
National inco	me: Concepts, definition, methods of measurement. me in India. Problems in measurement of national recautions in estimation of national income.		
Module II: M	Iacro Market Analysis		
(Keynesian) between savin marginal eff investment. N	full employment and income: classical, modern approach. Consumption function, relationship and consumption. Investment function, concept of iciency of capital and marginal efficiency of lational income determination in two, three and four Multiplier in two, three and four sectors model.	30	1
Module III:	Money Market		
Keynesian an	d forms of money. Demand for money: Classical, d Friedmanian approach. Measures of money supply. ry of money. Inflation and deflation.	30	1

Module IV: Equilibrium of Product and Money Market		
The IS-LM model, product market and money market, derivation, shift. Equilibrium of IS-LM curve, Application of IS-LM model in monetary and fiscal policy.	30	1

- 1. Dwivedi, D. N., Macro Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 2. Edward Shapiro, Macro-Economic Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 3. Khanna, O.P. and Jain, T.R., Macroeconomics, F.K. Publications.

Course Title: Organizational Behavior

Course Code: BCOM2204 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: Topics and concepts in the field of Organizational Behaviour. Practical implications of various theories of human behaviour at work. Specific topics such as leadership, motivation, emotions, personality, perception, etc. The students should be able to: Understand the concept of behaviour at workplace and analyze the work values, relations between attitude and behaviour. Understand the concept of personality, perception, learning and their implication on individual life as well as on workplace. Devise methods to increase motivation and handle emotions in work setting. Analyze the power of group and qualities of being good leader. Discuss the implication of power, politics and conflict management in organizational behaviour. Develop strategies to manage organizational changes. Understand the culture and structure of organization. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
disciplines to	nature of Organizational behaviour, Contributing the field of O.B, O.B. Models, Need to understand iour, Challenges and Opportunities.	30	1
Biographical Formation, T between attit traits. Emotio Perception: P Window, Tra	Characteristics, Ability & Values. Attitudes: heories, Organization related attitude, Relationship ude and behaviour. Personality: determinants and ns. Learning: Theories and reinforcement schedules. Process and errors. Interpersonal Behaviour: Johari nsactional Analysis: ego states, types of transactions, applications of T.A.	30	1
Concept of Gand Informal	Group Behaviour and Team Development roup and Group Dynamics, Types of Groups: Formal Groups, Stages of Group Development, Theories of tion, Group Norms, Group Cohesiveness, Group	30	1

Think and Group Shift, Group Decision Making & Inter Group Behaviour. Concept of Team Vs. Group, Types of teams, Building and managing effective teams.		
Module IV: Organization Culture and Conflict Management Organizational Culture: Concept, Functions, Socialization, Creating and sustaining culture. Managing Conflict: Sources, types, process and resolution of conflict. Managing Change. Managing across Cultures. Empowerment and Participation.	30	1

- 1. Prasad, L.M., Organizational Behaviour, Sultan Chand and Sons, 2003.
- 2. Stephen P. Robbins, Organizational Behaviour, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. Luthans Fred, Organizational Behaviour, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Chabbra T.N. and Singh B.P., Organization Behaviour, Sultan Chand and Sons.

Course Title: Cost Accounting

Course Code: BCOM2205 Course Credit: 4

COURSE	To familiarize students with:		
OBJECTIVE:	❖ Basic concepts of cost accounting and its		
	elements. * Techniques of Costing.		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES.	Appreciate the usefulness of cost accounting in management decision making.		
	2. Understand the difference between cost and financial accounting.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	3. Classify various elements of cost and their accounting treatment.		
	4. Prepare cost sheet.		
	5. Prepare accounts in case of job and contracts.		
	6. Prepare accounts where there is process costing.		
	7. Reconcile cost and financial accounts.		
Module I: In	troduction		
objectives of Cost Accou	cost, costing and Cost Accounting. Origin and cost Accounting, Advantages and Limitations of Inting, Limitations of Financial Accounting tween Financial and Cost Accounting. Cost Unit &	30	1
Module II: E	lements of Cost		
issuing include Turnover. Of centre. Allocations	st: Materials purchasing, receiving, storing and ding pricing of issues. Labour Cost and Labour verheads: Identifying the overheads with cost ation, Apportionment and Absorption: Accounting Under and Over Absorption. Assessment of Cost: f Cost Sheet.	30	1
Module III:	Techniques of Costing		
Limitation ar Concepts and Features, Nor	atch Costing: Meaning, Features, Advantages, and Numerical problems. Contract Costing: Basic I numerical problems. Process Costing: Meaning, mal and Abnormal Loss/ Gains. Operating Costing: tures, Objectives and Numerical problems.	30	1

Module IV: Reconciliation of Cost and Financial Accounts		
Need of reconciliation, Reasons of disagreement in profit as per Cost and Financial accounts, Methods of reconciliation, Procedure of reconciliation, Practical problems on reconciliation statements.	30	1

- 1. Cost Accounting, P.C. Tulsian & Bharat Tulsian, S.Chand Publications.
- 2. Cost Accounting, S.P.Jain, K.L. Narang, Kalyani Publishers.
- 3. Cost Accounting, Dr. S.N. Maheshwari, Vikas Publishng.
- 4. Cost and Management Accounting, M.N Arora, Vikas Publishing.

Course Credit: 4

Course Title: Business Law Course Code: BCOM2301

COURSE	To familiarize students with:		
OBJECTIVE:	 Essential features of various business laws. Emerging legal issues in business. Ethical and logical approaches to deal with business issues and conflicts. 		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	 Have sound knowledge of law related to Indian contract act and understand essential features of valid contract. Distinguish between indemnity and guarantee, bailment and pledge and would know about the contingent contracts, remedies for breach of contacts. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	3. Describe the sales of goods act with reference to formation of contract of sale and agreement to sell, conditions and warranties, sale of goods by non-owner, delivery of goods.		
	4. State the nature & definition of companies with their types.5. Identify the basics of partnership and its formation.6. Understand the kinds of negotiable instruments and their endorsements.		
Module I: In	dian Contract Act		
Introduction: consideration, agreements d Breach of cor	Nature of contract offer and acceptance, capacity to contract, free consent, legality of object, eclared void, quasi contracts, contingent contracts. stract, remedies for breach of contract. Indemnity and ilment and pledge. Agency. Performance of contract.	30	1
Module II: T	he Sale of Goods Act		
Formation of and warrantie by the non ov	contract of sale, and agreement to sell, conditions is, implied conditions, caveat emptor, sale of goods where, delivery of goods, unpaid seller and his rights, breach of contract of sale.	30	1
knowledge	The Companies Act 2013: Basic elementary	30	1
Memorandum	aracteristics of a company, types of companies. and articles of association. Prospectus. Shares: ent and transfer. Debentures. Essential conditions for		1

a valid meeting, kinds of meetings and resolutions. Directors, Managing Directors: their appointment, qualifications, powers and limits on their remuneration, prevention of oppression and mismanagement.		
Module IV: Partnership Act and Negotiable Instrument Act Nature of partnership, Registration of firm and effect of non- registration, Rights and duties of partners, Position of Minor. Dissolution of firm: Rights and liabilities of partners on dissolution. Negotiable instruments: Kinds, features, Crossing and types of crossing. Payment in due course, holder and holder in due course, privileges of holder in due course. Dishonour of negotiable instrument, discharge of negotiable instruments, banker and	30	1

- 1. Kuchhal M. C., Business Law, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. Kapoor N. D., Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. Gulshan J.J., Business Law Including Company Law, 13th Edition, New Age International Publisher.
- 4. Avtar Singh, Principles of Mercantile Law, 7th Edition, Eastern Book Company.

Course Title: Corporate Accounting

Course Code: BCOM2302 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: * Maintenance of accounts in the corporate		
	world. Changes in the accounts when the company goes for restructuring.		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Prepare final accounts of the company. Journalize transactions including equity and preference shares. Post accounting entries of shares in the balance sheet. Maintain books of accounts when the company goes for amalgamation. Maintain accounts during internal restructuring. Construct accounts of holding and subsidiary company. Reconcile accounts during liquidation. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Accounts Meaning of P and incomes post incorpora Objectives of and Loss Accounts	rofit Prior to Incorporation and Company Final rofit prior to incorporation, Allocation of expenses between pre and post period, Ascertaining pre and ation profit or loss. preparation of final accounts, Preparation of Profit count, Profit and Loss Appropriation Account and in prescribed form.	30	1
Redemption Meaning and Equity Share Money, Pro-ra Meaning and Types of pref	procedure of Issue, Forfeiture and Re-issue of es, Application Money, Allotment Money, Call ata allotment of shares, Practical problems. procedure of Redemption of preference shares, erence shares, Sources of redemption of preference cal problems and Balance Sheet after Redemption shares.	30	1
purchase cons	causes of amalgamation of companies. Methods of sideration. Opening and closing entries in the books and preparation of balance sheet.	30	1

Meaning and need of reconstruction of a company, Types of reconstruction, Accounting Entries related to internal reconstruction only, Preparation of revised balance sheet.		
Module IV: Holding Company Accounts and Liquidation Meaning of Holding Company and Subsidiary Company, Holding Company Accounts with its only one Subsidiary Company, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Pre-acquisition and Post- acquisition of Profit, Inter-company Debts, Bills and Debentures, Cost of Control, Minority Interest, Practical Problems on Consolidated Balance Sheet. Meaning and causes of Liquidation of a Company, Process of Liquidation of a Company, Role of Company Liquidator,	30	1

- 1. Practical problems in Advanced Accountancy, S.P. Jain and K.L. Narang, Kalyani Publishers Ludhiana.
- 2. Advanced Accounting, J.R. Batliboi, The Standard Accountancy Publications Private Ltd. Mumbai.
- 3. Advanced Accountancy, R.L. Gupta, M. Radhaswami, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 4. A New Approach to Accountancy, H.R. Kotalwar, Discovery Publishers, Latur.

Course Title: Operations Management

Course Code: BCOM2303 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: ❖ Different types of Production. ❖ Plant decisions and inventory management. ❖ Appropriate tools and techniques of quality management and control. ❖ Essentials of logistics management.		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 Explain the strategic role of Production and Operations Management and its competitive advantage for the growth and survival of organizations. Demonstrate the understanding of the facility layouts and location decisions in production system. Identify and forecast the problems involved in inventory management. Implement and use the principles of Material Requirement Planning. Understand the various types of production systems. Apply quantitative techniques to control the quality in organizations. Apply the knowledge of Just-In-Time in production systems. Apply the concepts of operations research in scare resource allocations. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
decisions Definition an operations may operations may	Operations Management, Layout and Location d criteria of performance for the production and magement system. Jobs or decisions of production and anagement. Classification of decision areas. Brief production and operation management function.	30	1

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Layout: Features, basic principles, types, merit and demerits. Optimization in a product/line layout, optimization in a process layout. Application in service industries. Location decision, Behavioral aspects in location planning.		
Module II: Material Management Inventory Control: EOQ, Simple Deterministic Models, ABC analysis, Value analysis/ value engineering. Purchasing research, vendor relations and selection of vendors. Material Requirement Planning (MRP): An overview.	30	1
Module III: Production Planning and Control, Quality Management Production planning and control: Concept. Assembly line balancing, types of production and production system, maintenance management. Work-study and work design. Productivity and methods of improvement. Quality management as a corporate strategy. Statistical methods and process controls. Control charts, acceptance sampling. Total quality management (TQM): motivation in quality management. ISO 9000 and 14000 series. Just in Time production.	30	1
Module IV: Introduction to Operation Research Linear programming, Simplex method, Big-M Method, Two Phase Method. Definitions and distinctions between CPM and PERT, Network Diagram and Time Calculations.	30	1

- 1. N.J. Aquilano, R.B. Chase and F.R. Jacob, Operation Management for Competitive Advantage, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th Edition.
- 2. Chary S.N., Production and Operation Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition.
- 3. Manocha R.C., Production and Operation Management, Latest Edition.
- 4. Gupta S.P., Statistical Method, Sultan Chand, Latest Edition.

Course Title: Marketing Management

Course Code: BCOM2304 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: All aspects of marketing, including product planning & development, promotion, distribution, pricing and branding. Theories of the marketing mix variables. Practical applications of marketing theories in the context of the marketing management. The students should be able to: Understand and appreciate the concept of 		
	marketing in theory and practice. 2. Identify different types of marketing environment and the forces which affect the working of the company in short and long run.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	 Understand segmentation and learn different ways of selecting the appropriate target and positioning the product in the market. Discuss different types of product, levels of hierarchy and classification of products along with the concept of branding and its types. Describe the marketing channels, channel dynamics and pricing of the products. Evaluate different promotional strategies 		
	and media planning.		
Marketing: N towards mark concepts and in macro env Segmentation Process of Se	Nature, meaning, scope, concepts and orientation et. Marketing mix. Customer's value and satisfaction: delivery. Marketing environment: Needs and trends ironment forces. Introduction to strategic marketing.: Concept of market Segmentation, Patterns and gmentation, Segmenting Consumer Markets. Market sitioning concept and types.	30	1
Product: Cor Products, Pro	Concepts of Product and Branding acepts, Product Level Hierarchy, Classification of duct Mix, Product Line, Product Life Cycle, Product Brand: Concept, Challenges, Brand Equity, Brand	30	1

Module III: Marketing Channels and Pricing Nature of Marketing Channels, Channel functions and flows, Channel Design and Management Channel Dynamics. Pricing: objectives, factors influencing pricing, basic methods of pricing and pricing strategies.	30	1
Module IV: Promotion and Recent Developments Promotion: Promotion Mix. Managing Advertisement: Objectives, Budget, Message. Media planning and Sales Promotion Tools, Social Media Marketing, Online/Digital Marketing, Introduction to Green Marketing	30	1

- 1. Kotler Philip and Armstrong G., Principles of Marketing, Pearson.
- 2. Sherlekar S. A., Marketing Management, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Saxena R., Marketing Management, Tata McGraw Hill.

Course Title: Income Tax Law & Practices

Course Code: BCOM2305 Course Credit: 4

COURSE	To familiarize students with:		
OBJECTIVE:	❖ The fundamental concepts in income tax.		
	The practical aspect of computing taxable income.		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	1. Understand the important terms of income tax.		
	2. Gain an insight to the direct and indirect tax laws in India.	No. of	No. of
	3. Understand about the concept of residential status and the types of residents like individual, HUF, firms and companies.	Hours	Credits
	4. Calculate the income under different heads- Salary, House property, Business & Profession, Capital Gains, Other sources.		
	5. Identify the deductions available under different sections.		
	6. Determine the amount of income on which tax has to be calculated.		
Module I: In	troduction to Income Tax and Residential status		
Income, Gros year, Previou	important terms used in Income Tax, Agricultural s Total Income, Total Income, Assessee, Assessment s year. Residential status & Tax liability. Types of dividual, HUF, Firm & Other Association of Persons.	30	1
Module II : I	ncome from Salary		
valuation of p	salary, meaning of salary, allowances, perquisites, erquisites, profit in lieu of salary, deductions u/s 16 (i ent fund and classification of provident fund, taxable salary.	30	1
Module III: 1 Profession	Income from House Property, Business &		
income from calculation of and profession disallowed, ex	house property: rules regarding computing taxable house property, annual value, deduction u/s 24 and income from house property. Income from business n: expenses expressly allowed, expenses expressly apenses under certain circumstances, determination m business and profession.	30	1

Module IV: Income from Capital gains and other sources		
Income from capital gains: meaning, kinds of capital assessed, meaning of transfer, exempted capital gains, calculation of capital gains. Income from Other Sources: Provisions regarding dividend and interest and interest on securities, determination of income from other sources. Assessment of individual, clubbing of income, set off and carry forward of losses, deduction from gross total income (u/s 80c- 80u), determination of taxable income.	30	1

- 1. Ahuja & Gupta., Systematic Approach to Income Tax.
- 2. Agarwal, B. K., Ayakar Vidhan Avam Lekhe.
- 3. Agarwal, B. K., Income Tax Law and Practice.
- 4. Chandra, Girish., Income Tax.

Course Title: Financial Management

Course Code: BCOM2306 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with: Financial decisions made by financial managers. Theories of finance. Techniques which assist in the decision making process. Capital Structure for the value maximization of the firm. The students should be able to: Identify financial management techniques with their implications in business. Understand investment and financial decisions to maximize the value of the firm and Shareholder's wealth maximization. Evaluate and make capital budgeting decisions based on NPV, IRR and PI concepts. Understand the relevance of Cost of capital and weighted average cost of capital. Prepare the working capital requirements of different projects and firms. Understand how specific techniques and decision rules can be used to develop Capital structure for an organization. Reconcile the leverage effect of capital mix and impact of leverage.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
profit/wealth Concept of til sources, Long	scope of financial management, finance function, maximization. Functions of financial managers. me value of money. Sources of finance: Short Term g term sources and shares debentures, term loans, funds, venture capital financing.	30	1
Meaning, obj	dapital Budgeting sectives, nature of investment decisions. Pay back present value method, profitability index, and internal method.	30	1
Capital Introduction, Capital Asset Working cap	Cost of Capital and Management of Working significance, concept, components of cost of capital. Pricing Model. Weighted Average Cost of Capital. pital management: meaning, scope, Importance, and sources. Approaches of working Capital	30	1

Module IV: Capital Structure Capitalization: meaning, importance, Over Capitalization, under		
capitalization and optimum Capitalization. Capital Structure: meaning, forms and determinants of capital structure, operating and financial leverage, planning the capital structure by EBIT-EPS Analysis.	30	1

- 1. Maheshwari S.N., Financial Management, Principles and Practice, Sultan Chand and Sons, 9th Edition 2004.
- 2. Khan M.Y and Jain P.K., Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001, 3rd Edition.
- 3. Pandey I. M., Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House, Revised Ed., 2003

Course Title: Human Resource Management

Course Code: BCOM2401 Course Credit: 4

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: Importance and function of HR department. Process of recruitment and selection. Different training methods used for employees. Wage determination and welfare activities for employees. The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	 Understand HRM and its objectives and identify its importance and functions in present scenario. Explain manpower planning and personnel policies. List the factors affecting recruitment and sources of recruitment. State the objectives of promotion, demotion and transfer. Describe the basic concepts of different training and development methods used for employees. Understand concept of career planning and counseling. Distinguish between performance appraisal techniques. Identify wage determination & incentive plan and also different welfare activities for employees. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	troduction ctives, importance and functions of HR department. anning. Personnel policies, programs and procedures.	30	1
Recruitment: Selection: Pr	Factors affecting recruitment, sources of recruitment. ocess, selection test, interview, group discussion, placement, promotion, demotion, transfer and job	30	1
Objectives an job training, methods: cas sensitivity to coaching, un	Training & Development and Career Counseling and importance of training. Training methods: on the vestibule training, apprenticeship. Development e study, business games, in basket, role playing, raining, transactional analysis, special courses, derstudy, position rotation, multiple management, ings, special meetings and special projects. Career	30	1

planning and counseling.		
Module IV: Performance appraisal, Employee Welfare and Compensation		
Performance appraisal: objectives, methods and job evaluation. Job analysis: job description and job specification. Welfare activities: housing facilities, canteen, fringe benefits, working environment, health and safety to workers, voluntary welfare scheme for education, social security measures. Wages and salary determination.	30	1

- 1. Aswathappa K., Human Resource and Personnel Management, TMH, 5th Edition.
- 2. Rao V.S.P., Human Resource Management: Text and Cases, Excel Books, 2nd Edition.
- 3. Ivansevich, Human Resource Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 10th Edition.

Course Title: Indian Economy-Performance and Policies

Course Code: BCOM2402 Course Credit: 4

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with:		
	 The overview of Indian Economy. The procedures and policies which have led to present economic situation. 		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	Conceptualize the present state of Indian Economy.		
	2. Describe the major problems plaguing the process of development.	No. of	No. of
	3. Explain the importance and procedure of five year plans.	Hours	Credits
	4. Differentiate between the role of private and public sector in the development of the country.		
	5. Explain important policies governing the development of the country.		
	6. Identify the importance of different sectors contribution in the growth of the country.		
Module I: O	verview of Indian Economy		
underdevelop	wards market economy, Problems of ment: Meaning & Reasons. Development: Factors, Meaning of Economic development, National capital income, Quality of life, Capital Formation: stment.	30	1
Module II: P	lanning in India		
adopting, Ol	India: Meaning, Importance, Main reasons of ojectives of planning, Economic development, n, Stability, Self sufficiency, Employment.	30	1
	f Resources. Public Sector: Role and growth, s of the public sector. Private Sector: Importance		
Module III: 1	Economic and Industrial Policies		
Expansion of policy: 1948,	onomic Policy, Main feature, Globalization, Private sector. Public distribution system, Industrial 1956, 1977, 1980, 1990, 1991, 2000-2001. ensing, Monetary and Fiscal Policy. New foreign	30	1
1			

Module IV: Role of Different Sectors in Economic Development		
Problems and prospects of Indian Agriculture, agriculture development during plan period. Position, Problems and Prospects of Large Scale Industries namely Iron, Steel, Sugar, Cotton and Textile.	30	1
Service and Entrepreneurial Sector, role of Commercial Bank and Financial Institutions, Role of Small Scale Industries in Indian Economy.		

- 1. Indian Economy, A. N. Agarwal, New Age International Pub. (P) Limited
- 2. Indian Economy, Mishra & Puri, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Indian Devlopment and Planning, M. L. Jhingan, Vrinda Publications P Ltd.
- 4. Indian Economy, R. S. Rastogi, SSDN Publishers & Distributors.

Course Title: Corporate Laws

Course Code: BCOM2403 Course Credit: 4

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COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 ★ Company Law in conformity with the provisions of Companies Act. ★ Recent amendments in the Companies Act. The students should be able to: Understand the basic provisions of company law. Explain the formation of a company. Describe the important documents required for commencement of business. Understand the capital structure of the company. Describe the importance of company meetings and the various voting rights. Explain the management of a company. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	7. Describe the process of winding up of a company.		
& Disadvanta Formation of Promotion, In	aracteristics, Importance, Classification, Advantages ges of Companies. of Company, Stages of Company Formation: acorporation, Capital Subscription, Commencement Conversion of a Private Company into a Public	30	1
Memorandum Association (S of Association as Association as Capital Struc Shares, Mea	company Documents of Association, Clauses in Memorandum of Sec. 13), Articles of Association, Contents of Articles on, Prospectus, Comparison between Memorandum of and Articles of Association. Sture, Meaning & Definition of Share, Types of aning & Definition of Debentures, Types of the Certificate, Share Warrant.	30	1
Meaning & D Meetings: Sha Debenture H	Company Meetings Definition of Company Meetings. Kinds of Company are Holders Meeting, Directors Meeting, Creditors & Holders Meeting. Essentials of Valid Meeting, Meeting, Motion, Resolution, Methods of Voting at a ting.	30	1

Module IV: Company Management and Winding up		
Structure of Company Management, Constituents of Company Management, Director of a Company, Managing Director, Full/Whole Time Director, Company Auditor, Company Accountant, Powers and Duties of Managing Director, Powers and Duties of Company Auditor.	30	1
Winding up of a Company, Types of Winding up of a Company.		

- 1. Company Law, Dr. Avtar Singh, Eastern Book Company. Lucknow
- 2. Gulshan J.J., Business Law Including Company Law, 13th Edition, New Age International Publisher.
- 3. Elements of Company Law, N.D. Kapoor Sultan Chand & Sons Educational Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. A Manual of Business Laws Dr. S.N. Maheshwari, Dr. S.K. Maheshwari, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 5. Company Law, Agrawal Nair, Banerjee, Pragari Prakashan. Meerut.

Course Title: Auditing - Principles and Practice

Course Code: BCOM2404 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with: The process of auditing. The role of an auditor and auditor's report. The students should be able to: Conceptualize the process and importance of auditing. Detect the fraud associated with the documents of a company. Control the level of fraud through auditing. Process of creation of evidences in auditing. Understand the importance of auditor. Prepare an auditor's report.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Basic Concep Auditing, C	troduction of Auditing ts of Auditing, Distinction between Investigation and Classification of Audits, Difference between Audit and Commercial Audit, Advantages of Audit, f Audit.	30	1
Types of Erro	rs, Location of Errors, Detection and prevention of ors position as regards to Frauds and errors.	30	1
Introduction, of evidence.	Audit Evidence Evidence for assertions, Formation of opinion, Types Audit techniques of collecting Audit Evidence, Audit pes of Sampling.	30	1
Qualifications Responsibiliti Auditors Repo		30	1

- 1. Kumar, Ravinder, and Sharma, Virender, (2009), Auditing: Principles and Practices, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi..
- 2. Jha, Aruna, (2010), Auditing, Taxmann Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Tondon B.N., Principles of Auditing, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.
- 4. Gupta Kamal, Contemporary Auditing, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- 5. Sharma T.R., Principles of Auditing, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.

Course Title: Management Accounting

Course Code: BCOM2405 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 ★ Management accounting concepts related to the management functions of planning, control, and decision making. ★ Management accounting tools and quantitative techniques that can be used to analyze how business processes consume resources and create value for a firm. ★ Management accounting data and analytical skills necessary to diagnose complex business problems in accounting context. The students should be able to: 1. Appreciate the usefulness of management accounting in management decision making. 2. Describe the role of management accounting within an organization. 3. Identify the relevant inflows and outflows of funds in different situations and use this information to analyze and make a variety of short-term, operational decisions and long-term decisions. 4. Identify how costs behave and use this information in a range of decisions. 5. State the meaning, objectives and structure of responsibility accounting as divisional performance measurement. 6. Discuss the features of different budgeting systems and undertake budget variance analysis. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Meaning, N Accounting, making, Mar	anagement Accounting fature, Scope and Function of Management Role of Management Accounting in decision nagement Accounting Vs Financial Accounting, chniques of Management Accounting.	30	1
Meaning and financial stat Analysis: Rat Ratios, Turn	inancial Statements Analysis components of financial statements. Objectives of ement Analysis, Methods of financial Statement tio Analysis, classification of Ratios: Profitability over Ratios, Liquidity Ratios, Advantages and Accounting Ratios. Fund flow statement, Cash	30	1

Flow Statement as per Accounting Standard 3.		
Meaning, Advantages and Limitation, Marginal Costing as a tool for decision making: Make or Buy, Change in product Mix, Pricing Decision, Exploring a New Market, Shut Down Decision. Cost Volume Profit Analysis, Break Even Point. Meaning of Standard cost and Standard Costing, Advantages and Application. Variance Analysis: Material and Labour Variance, Responsibility Accounting.	30	1
Module IV: Budgeting for Profit Planning and Control Meaning of Budget and Budgetary control, Objectives, Merits and Limitations, Types of Budgets: Fixed and Flexible Budget, Cash Budget, Zero Base Budgeting and Performance Budgeting.	30	1

- 1. Khan, M. Y. and Jain, P.K., Management Accounting, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Maheshwari, S. N., Management Accounting, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 3. Sharma, R. K., Management Accounting, Kalyani Publishers.
- 4. Arora, M.N., Cost and Management Accounting, Vikas Publishing.

Course Credit: 4

Course Title: Business Ethics
Course Code: BCOM2406

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The ethical issues and dilemmas faced by the managers in most business organizations. The concepts of CSR, Consumer Protection, Success, Dharma, Karma, etc. The students should be able to: Understand the relevance of ethics and values in business. Identify the ethical dimensions of common business practices. Develop Ethical and Value Based thought process for future managerial performance. Gain knowledge of corporate social responsibility and consumer protection. Understand the concept of corporate governance and its relevance in present scenario. Understand progress and interpret result in managing transformation. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	7. Illustrate the concept of Dharma and Yoga not only from personal but also from professional viewpoint.		
between eth Managers. Eth and decision business. Management	cept, types and formation of values. Relationship ics, values and behaviour, Values of Indian hics: development of ethics, ethical decision making making process, relevance of ethics and values in of Ethics: Management process and ethics,	30	1
	erformance, ethical issues, ethos of Vedanta in Hierarchism as an organizational value.		
Module II: O	Corporate Social Responsibility and Consumer		
consumers ar	esponsibility of business towards employees, and community. Corporate Governance & Code of evernance. Consumerism. Unethical issues in sales, at technology.	30	1
	Understanding Progress & Results, Managing ion and Success	30	1

Progress & Results: Definition and functions of progress. Transformation: Need for transformation, process and challenges of transformation. Understanding Success: Definitions of success, Principles for competitive success, prerequisites to create blue print for success. Successful stories of business Gurus.		
Module IV: Knowledge, Wisdom, Stress Management, Dharma & Karma Yoga and TQM Knowledge and Wisdom: Meaning of knowledge and wisdom, difference between knowledge and wisdom, knowledge worker versus wisdom worker, concept of knowledge management and wisdom management, wisdom based management.	30	1
Stress Management: Meaning, sources and consequences of stress, stress management and detached involvement. Dharma & Karma Yoga: Concept of Dharma and Karama. Kinds of Karma Yoga: Nishkam Karma and Sakam Karma. Total quality management, Quality of life and quality of work life.	30	

- 1. Chakraborty, S.K., Human values for Managers.
- 2. Chakraborty, S.K., Ethics in Management: A Vedantic Perspective, Oxford University Press.
- 3. Gaur, R.R., Sangal, R. and Bagaria, G.P., A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, Excel Books Private Limited, New Delhi.

Course Title: Business Research Tools

Course Code: BCOM2501 Course Credit: 4

	1	
To familiarize students with:		
Core concepts, frameworks, and techniques of Research Methodology.		
Methods of data collection, data analysis and report writing.		
The students should be able to:		
Understand the basic concept of Research methodology and its implementation in various business situations	NI. C	NI e
 Apply and relate decisions to formulate a good hypothesis. 	Hours	No. of Credits
3. Understand variables establishing cause and effect relationship.		
4. Enhance understanding of the impact of sampling and its techniques.		
5. Examine the sources of data collection.		
6. Develop clear and meaningful understanding of business reports and its characteristics.		
troduction to Research		
criteria of good research. Research problem,	30	1
ypothesis and Research Design		
s of a good hypothesis. Research Design: meaning	30	1
Sampling		
design. Measurement scales: Nominal, Ordinal,	30	1
Method of Data Collection and Report Writing		
ion, Case-Study method, criteria for constructing s or Schedules. Guidelines for successful Testing of hypothesis. Importance of Report Writing, t writing. Layout of the research report, Precautions	30	1
	 ❖ Core concepts, frameworks, and techniques of Research Methodology. ❖ Methods of data collection, data analysis and report writing. The students should be able to: Understand the basic concept of Research methodology and its implementation in various business situations. Apply and relate decisions to formulate a good hypothesis. Understand variables establishing cause and effect relationship. Enhance understanding of the impact of sampling and its techniques. Examine the sources of data collection. Develop clear and meaningful understanding of business reports and its characteristics. troduction to Research ectives, types and Importance of Research. Research criteria of good research. Research problem, volved in defining a problem. typothesis and Research Design Meaning, sources, need, importance and so of a good hypothesis. Research Design: meaning are, criteria of a good Research Design. Sampling Types, Steps in sampling design. Characteristics of a design. Measurement scales: Nominal, Ordinal, tatio scales. Important scaling techniques. Method of Data Collection and Report Writing data, Primary data: Survey, Observation, ion, Case-Study method, criteria for constructing 	* Core concepts, frameworks, and techniques of Research Methodology. * Methods of data collection, data analysis and report writing. The students should be able to: 1. Understand the basic concept of Research methodology and its implementation in various business situations. 2. Apply and relate decisions to formulate a good hypothesis. 3. Understand variables establishing cause and effect relationship. 4. Enhance understanding of the impact of sampling and its techniques. 5. Examine the sources of data collection. 6. Develop clear and meaningful understanding of business reports and its characteristics. troduction to Research ectives, types and Importance of Research. Research criteria of good research. Research problem, volved in defining a problem. [Appothesis and Research Design Meaning, sources, need, importance and so of a good hypothesis. Research Design: meaning and good hypothesis. Research Design: meaning good hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypothesis hypot

management.

- 1. Kothari C.R., Research Methodology, New Age International Publishers.
- 2. Saunders, Research Methods for Business Students, Prentice hall, 2nd Edition, 2007.
- 3. Murthy C., Research Methodology, Vrinda Publications.
- 4. Bhattacharyya, Research Methodology, Excel Books.
- 5. Naresh Malhotra, Market Research, Pearson Education.

Course Title: Investment Analysis

Course Code: BCOM2502 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with:	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Financial int savings. Impoinvestment. Financial Sys	vings and investment, Role of savings practices, ermediaries, Linkage between financial and real ortance of household savings. Shifts in Savings and tems in India: Money Market, Debt Market, Capital of for correlating them, Bullion Market and Foreign	30	1
Need for stude behaviour of Introduction a Investment A investments,	ecurity Market and Investment Analysis dy and research of market data, Factors influencing f market, Valuation of Shares and securities: and Methods. Evenues, Objectives of investors, Characteristics of Risk Return relationship, Classes of instruments, ortfolio for average household.	30	1
Influencing f value, Liquid Valuation, Sin	Security Pricing Factors, Valuation, Constant Growth Model, Book dity Value, Intrinsic Value, Market Price, Bond angle Period valuation Model, Multi Period Valuation end capitalization, Valuation of Security in India.	30	1

Module IV: Technical Analysis of market		
Meaning and Importance, Timing of investment, Basic Terms, Dow theory, Major trends, Breadth of the markets, Volume of	30	1
Trading, Principles of Technical Analysis ,Oscillatory Fundamental Analysis.		

- 1. Investment and Securities Markets in India, V.A. Avdhani, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Study of Indian Financial System, V. A. Avdhani, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Financial Management, R. S. Rustogi, Taxmann Publication Pvt. Ltd
- 4. Indian Securities Market, O. P. Gupta, Anmol Publication.

Course Title: Insurance and Risk Management

Course Code: BCOM2503 Course Credit: 4

		1	
COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: The risk and its management process through insurance and other methods. The state of affairs of insurance industry in India. The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	 Calculate the risk and manage it. Understand the Property and Liability Risk Management techniques. Understand the risk management techniques of Life, Health and Income exposures. Understand the functioning of Insurance Industry in India. Explain the regulatory framework of insurance industry. Create a framework for enterprise risk management. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Definition, Pu & risk shari society, Type	troduction to Insurance arpose & need of Insurance, Insurance as risk transfering mechanism, Benefits & Cost of insurance to es of insurance business, Essential elements of tract, Fundamental principles of insurance.	30	1
Insurance doc Insurance, En Report. Basic Riders, Deduc Insurance Act Consumer Pro	1938, IRDA Act 1999, GIBNA 1972, LIC Act 1956, otection Act 1986, Insurance Ombudsman, Role of T. act Act 1872, Malhotra Committee, Insurance	30	1
Meaning & T policies, Wit addition, Wor pricing, Unde Meaning & I Insurance: Fi	Life and General Insurance ypes of life insurance: Special purpose life insurance h or without profit policies, Bonus, Guaranteed men policy, Children Policy. Policy Benefits, Product rwriting in life insurance. Principles of General Insurance. Types of General re Insurance, Marine Insurance, Motor Insurance , Perils, Clause, Exclusion & Covers), Personal	30	1

Accident Insurance, Health Insurance, Liability Insurance.		
Module IV: Risk Management		
Enterprise Risk Management: Meaning of ERM, Source of risk to an Enterprise, Pure risk, Speculative risk, Strategic risk, Operational risk, Market risk, Credit risk.	30	1
Risk management models, Integrated risk assessment, Frontiers of ERM, Role of Chief Officer, Prerequisites for ERM.		

- 1. Insurance Principles and Practice, Misra M.N. and Misra S.R, S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Insurance and Risk Management, Gupta P.K., Himalayan. Publishing House New Delhi.
- 3. Risk Management and Insurance, Jave S. Trieschimam, Sandra G. Gustarson, Robert E Houyt Thomson Sowlla Western, Singapore.
- 4. Risk Management and Insurance, Scoh E Herrington, McGraw Hill New Delhi.

Course Title: Entrepreneurship and Small Business Management

Course Code: BCOM2504 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: Knowledge needed to work in, manage or own a business. Varied aspects of small scale industries and entrepreneurship. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	The students should be able to: 1. Explain the various entrepreneurial skills, functions as well as entrepreneurial development programs. 2. Effectively generate and communicate business ideas in a structured environment. 3. Identify the opportunities available for the small scale enterprise and selection of suitable site and technology. 4. Describe the role of Financial Institutions in the development of small scale business. 5. Prepare project report for the financial feasibility of small business. 6. Correlate the importance of management fields namely marketing, finance and operations in the context of small business development.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
entrepreneuria	troduction oncept of entrepreneur. Entrepreneurial function, al skills. Entrepreneur development programme. r entrepreneurs.	30	1
Establishing s	mall Scale Enterprise mall scale enterprise: opportunities scanning, market, ent for small scale enterprise, selection of site and enology.	30	1
Analysis for	Project Planning and Institutional Arrangements financial feasibility, Project report preparation. or entrepreneurial development, state incentives, role stitutions.	30	1
Operating th	Management of Small Business ne small-scale enterprises. Issues in financial operations management, marketing management,	30	1

organizational relations, and performance assessment.

- 1. Lall and Sahai, Entrepreneurship, Excel Books, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Couger C, Creativity and Innovation, IPP, 1999.
- 3. Kakkar D. N., Entrepreneurship Development, Wiley Dreamtech.
- 4. Rai A.K., Entrepreneurship Development, Vikas Publishing.
- 5. Sehgal and Chaturvedi, Entrepreneurship Development, UDH Publishing, 2013.

Course Title: Advertising and Brand Management

Course Code: BCOM2505 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	 To familiarize students with: The use of advertising and branding tools in marketing. The advertising and branding policies from development and execution perspectives. The marketing communications in the contexts of classic and new media to develop integrated communication strategies. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 Identify advertising decision areas. Understand the implications of current trends in advertising and promotion. Examine critical marketing factors that influence advertising decisions. Develop an advertising campaign plan that reflects an integrated marketing communications (IMC) perspective. Understand key issues in crafting and evaluating brand strategies. Discuss theories, models, and other analytical tools to make better branding decisions. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Introduction: Functions, rollegal aspects Indian adverti	Definition, nature and evolution of advertising. le and criticism of advertising. Social, economic and of advertising. Advertising and Marketing Mix. ising industry. cts of advertising: copy writing, advertising artwork, entional media and Cyberspace.	30	1
Advertising emotions and Advertising Ostrategy: bud types, class, v. Advertising	Advertising Message, Objectives and Effectiveness message: Message objectives, recall, attitude, feelings, Message tactics. Objectives: Goals and objectives, DAGMAR. Media geting, approaches and allocation. Media planning rehicle, scheduling and new media forms. effectiveness: Pre and post launch research. In the evolving marketing environment.	30	1
	Brand Concept t: Nature and Importance of Brand, Types of brands,	30	1

Strategic Brand Management Process, Brand Identity perspectives, Brand identity prism and Identity levels. Concepts and Measures of Brand Equity, Brand Loyalty and Measures of Loyalty. Branding strategies: product, line, range and umbrella branding. Brand Image Dimensions.		
Module IV: Brand Positioning Brand Positioning: Concepts and Definitions, 3 Cs of positioning, Brand positioning and differentiation strategies, Repositioning, Celebrity Endorsements. Brand Extension, Managing brands over time, Brand reinforcement, brand revitalization, managing global brands, Branding in different sectors.	30	1

- 1. Wells W., Burnet J. and Moriarty S. (2007), Advertising: Principles & Practice, Pearson Education.
- 2. Keller K. L., (2008), Strategic Brand Management, Pearson Education.
- 3. Belch, G. E. & Belch, M. A., (2001), Advertising and Promotion, Tata McGraw Hill.

Course Title: Financial Markets, Institutions and Financial Services

Course Code: BCOM2506 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with:		
OBJECTIVE:	 The structure, organization and functioning of the Financial System in India. The new financial instruments and their implications in the existing regulatory framework. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 The students should be able to: Understand the financial system of the country. Identify the role of various financial institutions governing the financial market of the country. Elaborate the role of different regulatory bodies in the Indian financial market. Understand the various markets for transacting in securities. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	5. Differentiate between primary and secondary market.6. Analyse the role of various intermediaries which facilitate the processing in the financial market.		
system. Organ	troduction tem: Meaning, role and functions of a financial nized and unorganized financial system. Components System: Financial Assets, Financial Intermediaries,	30	1
Financial Mar	kets: money and capital markets in India. Relevance erest/return rates, Regulatory framework, Financial		
Module II: Fi	inancial Institutions and Regulatory Bodies		
(RBI) in more Functions. In lenders, Disconfeatures. Cap Merchant Bancompanies, D. Institutions: Institutions of Cooperative Efeatures and Meaning, Rol	et institutions: Meaning, Role of the Central Bank oney markets. Commercial banks: Meaning and adigenous Financial Agencies: Bankers, Money count houses, Accepting houses: Meaning and ital Market institutions: Meaning and functions. aks, Investment companies, Management Investment evelopment banks, Mutual Funds. Special Financial Factors for their growth. Need, Objectives and IDBI, IFCI, SFCs, ICICI, EXIM Bank of India. Banking Institutions: Meaning, definition, principles, structure. Non-Banking Finance Companies: e, Types of NBFC services. SEBI: Introduction to 1992 with latest Amendments, Main Functions of the	30	1

Module III: Financial Markets in India Capital Markets: Meaning, Role and importance, Development initiatives and reforms in brief. Composition: Primary Markets: Meaning, instruments, New Issue Market: Features, objectives and functions, Constituents or players, Problems and Recent Developments including the concept of book building. Modes of procuring long term funds: Public issue, Rights issue, Bonus issue, Private placement. Secondary Markets.: Meaning, Functions of the stock exchange, Benefits to the community-investors-companies, Listing of securities and its benefits, Stock market indices, Types of dealings, types of securities traded on the Indian stock exchanges, Comparison of the three exchanges: BSE, NSE, OTCEI. Money Markets: Meaning, features of organized and unorganized money markets, Instruments: Treasury Bills, Certificate of Deposits, Commercial Paper, Call money, Commercial bills, Inter-corporate deposits, Inter-bank participation certificates.	30	1
Module IV: Financial Services Venture Capital Financing: Meaning, Steps in VCF, Methods of VCF, Disinvestment mechanism, VCF in India. Factoring: Meaning, Types, costs and benefits of factoring, difference between factoring and Forfeiting. Leasing: Meaning, Definition, advantages to lessor and lessee, types of leases: operating, finance, leveraged, sales and lease-back, leveraged and cross-border. Underwriting: Meaning and benefits. Credit Rating Agencies: Meaning and role of such agencies. A brief idea about: CRISIL, CARE, ICRA, NSDL, STCI.	30	1

- 1. The Indian financial system and Development, Vasant Desai, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Financial Markets and Institutions, Dr. S. Gurusamy, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. The Indian Financial System, Dr. Bharti Pathak, Pearson.
- 4. Indian Financial System, M.Y.Khan, Mc.Graw Hill

Course Title: Goods & Services Tax

Course Code: BCOM2601 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: * Basic knowledge of principles and provisions of GST. * Relevance of GST in present Indian Tax Scenario and its contribution for economic development. The students should be able to:	No. of	No. of
OUTCOMES:	 Understand basic of GST and important termologies Know the process of registration and documentation required Understand the concept of time and place when goods to be supplied Understand the payment and computation of GST 	Hours	Credits
Module I : In	atroduction to GST		
Powers of Unice Variants and I Taxes prior to	framework of Indirect Taxes before GST (Taxation on & State Government); Concept of VAT: Meaning, Methods; Major Defects in the structure of Indirect GST; Rationale for GST; Structure of GST (SGST, L& IGST); Subsuming of taxes.		1
Module II: P	rocedure and Documentation		
registration, P of Registration Payment Vou Debit Note,	le and not liable for registration, Compulsory Process for registration, Amendment and Cancellation on, Tax Invoice, Bill of Supply, Receipt Voucher, cher, Refund Voucher, Delivery Challan, E-Waybill, Credit Note. Harmonized System Nomenclature ods, and Service Accounting Code (SAC) of Services.	30	1

Module III: Value of Supply and Input tax Credit Meaning of supply, intra state and inter state supply, composit and mixed supply, Concept of Time and Value of Supply of goods and services, ,Eligibility and conditions for taking Input Tax Credit, Apportionment of Credit and Blocked Credits, Tax credit in respect of capital goods, Distribution of credit by Input Service Distributor(ISD), Recovery of Credit.	30	1
Module IV: Assessment and Returns Levy and collection of tax, Computation of taxable value Payment of Tax-Through Input tax credit, By cash/bank after generation of Online Challan, GST Returns	30	1

- 1.GST & Custom Law, Dr. Vinod K. Singhania, Taxmann Publication
- 2.Simplified Approach to GST:Goods and Services Tax ,S K Mishra,Educreation Publication
- 3.GST and Customs Law, CA Anoop Modi and CA Mahesh Gupta, SBPD Publications
- 4. GST:Goods and Services Tax(Readers Manual), Rakesh Kumar, Diamonds Book Publication
- 5.Guide to 'Goods and Services Tax', CA Farooq Haque, Notion Press

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Course Title: International Business Management

Course Code: BCOM2602 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: The theories of international dimensions of		
	 The theories of international dimensions of Business and external influences affecting the international business organization. The design and structure of International Organizations. Labor market differences and labor compensations and international business strategies. The role of strategies and different policies on the way a business is conducted in international context. 		
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 Identify the role of external influences on international business scenario. Demonstrate the concept of International Corporations by their organizational design, structure, attitude and strength. Describe the role of Human Resources in the international development of managers. Identify labor market differences and compensation worldwide. Illustrate the functionality of global financial markets, foreign exchange market, exchange rate methods and different international business strategies. Develop international business strategies in the global competitive environment. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	imensions of International Business f international business, means of engaging in business, external influences on international	30	1
Design and S of organizatio	nternational Corporations tructure: Organizational design and structure, forms and structure, their attitudes and strengths. Functional ased and matrix structure. Methods of entry.	30	1
Manager's	Management of Human Resources qualifications and characteristics, international of Manager, labour market differences, labour .	30	1

Module IV: International Finance and Strategies		
Balance of Payment, Global financial market, foreign exchange market. Exchange rate determination methods. Global competitiveness and international business strategies. International strategic alliances.	30	1

- 2. Agarwal, Raj .,International Trade, Excel, 1st Ed.
- 3. Albaum, Duerr., International Marketing and Export management, Pearson, 7th Ed.
- 4. Cherunilam, F. (2007), International Trade and Export Management, Himalaya.
- 5. Hill C.W., International Business, TMH, 5th Ed.

Course Title: Strategic Management and Business Policy

Course Code: BCOM2603 Course Credit: 4

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:	To familiarize students with: The concepts related to Business Policies and Strategic Management. The ways of framing Business Policies and Strategies at different levels of Management for organizational success and smooth functioning of an organization in today's dynamic environment. The students should be able to:		
OUTCOMES:	 Gain acquaintance about business policy. Explain the importance of strategic management process. Formulate strategies as per the organizational competencies. Evaluate different strategies on the basis of organizational constraints and environmental threats. Implement strategies within the given resources. Control the deviations in the implementation process. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Management Definition, C which strateg An Overview	Introduction to Business Policy & Strategic concept, Objective and Significance, The levels at y operates, Characteristic of Strategic Management, w: Strategic Management Process, Concept of ision Making.	30	1
Understanding Definition, G Leverage & Environmenta Concepts & Framework fo as a Tool Environment Business Lev	Strategy Formulation g Strategic Intent: Vision, Mission, Business oals and Objectives. Concepts of Strategic Stretch, Fit. Environment Appraisal: Concept & al Sector. PEST Analysis. Organizational Appraisal: Capability Factors. Porter's Value Chain Model. Or developing Strategic Advantage: SWOT Analysis for assessing Organizational Capabilities and Opportunities. Type of Strategies: Corporate Level, yel and Functional Level. Guidelines for Crafting usiness Strategies.	30	1
Corporate Le Matrix. Busin	Strategy Analysis and Choice evel Strategy Analysis: BCG Matrix & GE 9 cell ess Level Strategy Analysis: Life Cycle Analysis, Forces of Industry Analysis. Concept of Strategic	30	1

Decision Making. Subjective Factors in Strategic Choice and Process of Strategic Choice.		
Module IV: Strategy Implementation and Control Interrelation between Strategy Formulation and Implementation, Aspects of Strategy Implementation. An overview of Project, Procedural Implementation, Resource Allocation. An Overview of Strategic Evaluation and Control, Strategic Control and Operational Control, Techniques for Strategic	30	1
Evaluation and Control, Role of Organizational Systems in Evaluation, Mc Kinsey's 7s Framework.		

- 1. Business Policy & Strategic Management, Azhar Kazmi, Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 2. Management Policy and Strategic Management (Concepts, Skills and Practices), R.M. Srivastava, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Business Policy and Strategic Management, P. Subba Rao, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. Strategic Planning Formulation of Corporate Strategy, Ramaswamy, Macmillan Publishers India Limited.

Course Title: Security Analysis and Portfolio Management

Course Code: GE27801 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with: ❖ The investment decisions related to financial assets, the risks and the returns involved. ❖ The functioning of securities market alongside the theories and concepts involved in portfolio management. The students should be able to: 1. Understand the basic concept of investment and decisions related to it. 2. Calculate the risks associated with the	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	security market. 3. Conduct analysis of the security market. 4. Evaluate different propositions by using various pricing methods. 5. Reconstruct the portfolio. 6. Manage the portfolio of an investor on the basis of his risk appetite.		
Investment F	troduction Meaning, Nature, Scope and Decision Process. Risks: Interest Risk, Market Risk, Inflation Risk, etc. Valuation of Securities. Notion of Dominance.	30	1
Techniques o Evaluation: C	Risk Measurement f Risk Measurement and their Application. Portfolio Concept of Beta, Classification of Beta-Geared and ta, Project Beta, Portfolio Beta. Securities Market Market Line.	30	1
Fundamental and Technica	Security Analysis Analysis, Economy, Industry and Company Analysis, l Analysis: Efficient Market Hypothesis; Dow Jones urement of Systematic and Unsystematic Risk.	30	1
Portfolio Ana Markowitz M Revision, Por	Portfolio Management alysis, Portfolio Selection and Portfolio Theories: Iodel and Capital Assets Pricing Model. Portfolio tfolio Reconstruction and Performance Evaluation of tfolios. Sharp Ratio, Treynor Ratio: Jensen's Alpha.	30	1

- 1. Bhalla, V.K. (9th ed., 2003). Investment Management; Security Analysis and Portfolio Management. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- 2. Chandra Prasanna (2002). Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management.

Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

- 3. Stephen H.Penman: Financial Statement Analysis and Security Valuation, TMH.
- 4. Kevin Security Analysis and Portfolio Management PHI

Course Title: Indian Banking System

Course Code: GE27802 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	To familiarize students with: The Indian banking system. The reforms and other developments in the Indian banking. The students should be able to: 1. Analyze the role of Indian banking system in economic development of the country. 2. Differentiate between the roles and responsibilities of nationalized and private sector banks in the development process. 3. Analyse the changes brought in the functioning of nationalized banks after upcoming of private banks. 4. Critically analyse the functioning of RRBs. 5. Trace the progress and problems of cooperative societies. 6. Evaluate various banking sector reforms and their impact on the banking environment.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Structure of banks, Coope Banks. Differ	Indian Banking System, Central bank: Commercial erative banks, Regional Rural Banks, Local Area rence between scheduled and non scheduled bank. ng system in the economic growth and development.	30	1
Social control and against na of nationalize mobilization, Bank Scheme Private sector	Nationalized and Private Sector Banks I over banks, Nationalisation of banks, Arguments for ationalisation, Objectives of nationalisation, Progress ed banks pertaining to branch expansion, Deposit Credit development and priority sector lending, Lead banks in India: Their progress and performance after a banks in India: Their progress, performance and	30	1
Meaning of H Banks (RRBs Objectives of Functions of H Principles of Meaning, ob	RRBs and Cooperative Credit Structure RRBs, Reasons for establishment of Regional Rural), Difference between RRBs and Commercial banks, f RRBs, Organization and Management of RRBs RRBs, Progress, performance and problems of RRBs. cooperation, Evolution of cooperative credit system. ejectives, organization, functions, progress and Primary Agricultural Cooperative Credit societies,	30	1

District Central Cooperative banks, State Cooperative Banks. Urban Cooperative Banks, Urban Cooperative Credit Societies.		
Module IV: Banking Sector Reforms Rationale and objectives of reforms, Problems of nationalized banks, Recommendations of the Narasimham Committee I: Reforms of the committee pertaining to CRR (Cash Reserve Ratio), SLR (Statutory Liquidity Ratio), Interest rate structure, Directed credit programme, Income recognition, Asset classification, Capital adequacy norms, Management of Non Performing Assets (NPAs), Debt Recovery Tribunals. Recommendations of the Narasimham Committee II: Consolidation of banking system, Directed credit programme, Redefining of the NPAs Revision in the Capital adequacy.	30	1

- 1. Financial Sector Reforms and India's Economic Development: N.A.Majumdar, Academic Foundation, New Delhi.
- 2. Central Banking and Economic Development: Vasant Desai, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 3. Banking & Financial Systems, Mithani.D.M., Gordon.E., Himalaya Publishing House;2003.

Course Title: Corporate Tax Planning

Course Code: GE27803 Course Credit: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVE: LEARNING OUTCOMES:	 To familiarize students with: The concept of corporate tax planning and Indian tax-laws The implications of corporate tax planning for corporate management. The students should be able to: Conceptualize the process of tax planning. Differentiate between corporate taxation and individual taxation. Draw the impact of taxation planning on financial and managerial decisions. Understand basic tax provisions to save tax. Calculate deductions and collections at source. Calculate advance tax for a given period. 	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
Module I: Introduction Concept of tax planning, Tax avoidance and tax evasion. Corporate taxation and individual tax. Tax planning with reference to location, nature and forms of organization of new business.		30	1
Module II: Tax Planning And Financial Management Decisions Tax planning relating to capital structure decision, Dividend policy, Inter corporate, dividends and bonus shares. Tax planning in respect of own or lease, Sale of assets used for scientific research, Make or Buy decisions, Repair, replace, renewal or renovation, and Shutdown or Continue decisions.		30	1
Module III: Special Tax Provisions Tax provisions relating to free trade zones, Infrastructure sector and backward areas. Tax incentives for exports. Tax planning with reference to amalgamation of companies.		30	1
Module IV: Tax Payment Tax deductions and collection at source. Advance payment of tax.		30	1

- 1. Ahuja, G. K. & Gupta, Ravi, Systematic Approach to Income Tax. Allahabad, Bharat Law House.
- 2. Bhagwati Prasad, Direct Taxes Law & Practice, Wishwa Prakashan.
- 3. Kanga, J. B. and Palkhivala, N. A., Income Tax, Bombay, N. M. Tripathi.
- 4. Singhania, V.K. Direct Taxes: Law and Practices. Delhi, Taxman.

Course Title: Foreign Exchange Management

Course Code: GE27804 Course Credit: 4

COLIDEE	To familiaring students with.		
COURSE OBJECTIV E:	To familiarize students with: The foreign exchange market and its regulating bodies.		
12.	 Arithmetic of foreign exchange. 		
LEARNING	The students should be able to:		
OUTCOME	1. Analyse the foreign exchange market and its		
S :	functionaries.	No. of Hours	No. of Credits
	2. Trace the evolution of the international	110015	Credits
	monetary system.		
	3. Evaluate different foreign markets on the basis of currency conversions.		
	4. Calculate the risk associated with foreign		
	exchange.		
	5. Understand the mechanism of exchange rate.		
	6. Calculate variations in the exchange rate.		
Module I: Inti	roduction Significance of Foreign Exchange, Functions of Foreign		
	partment, Foreign Exchange Markets, Role of RBI.	30	1
	ntrol: Objectives and Methods of Exchange Control,		_
Exchange Cont	trol in India, FERA, FEMA		
Module II : In	ternational Monetary System		
	the international monetary system: Bimetallism, Gold		
· ·	on Woods system, Flexible exchange rate regime, Current	30	1
exchange rate a	arrangements.		
	Forex Management		
•	f foreign exchange with special reference of India. India's		
forex scenario. BOP crisis of 1990, LERMS, convertibility. Finance function: Financial institutions in international trade. Nonresident			1
	atriable and non repatriable, Significance for the economy	30	_
and bank.			
	xchange Rate Mechanism		
	gn Exchange Markets and Transactions, Quoting Foreign		
Exchange Rates, Spread, Official and Free Market Rates, Cross Rates, Forward Rates, Quoting Forward Rates, Organization of the Foreign			1
	rkets, Currency Futures, Currency Options, Currency	30	
Swaps.			
C4-1 D	12		

- 1. Bhalla, V.K. International Financial Management, 2nd ed., Dehi, Anmol Publications, 2001.
 - 2. Apte, P.G. International Financial Management. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
 - 3. Shaprio, Akab C: Multinational Financial Management, Prentice Hall, New Delhi