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B. Tech. Examination 2021-22

(Even Semester)

ADVANCE ANALOG CIRCUITS

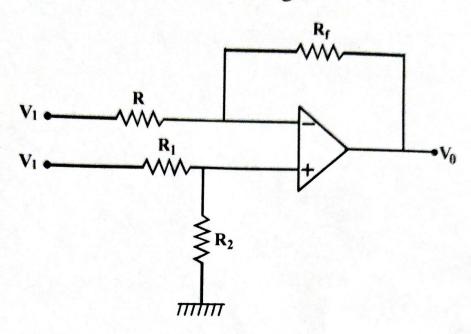
Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1. Attempt any two parts of the following: $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - (a) What are operational amplifiers? Explain with proper diagram the equivalent circuit of an op-amp. Why op-amps are called so?
 - (b) Explain the principle of current mirror circuit.

 Why current mirror circuits are preferred for biasing purpose?

(c) Find the output of following circuit:



- 2. Attempt any two parts of the following: $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - (a) Draw the block diagram of a PLL and explain its working. What are the applications of PLL?
 - (b) Draw the circuit diagram of triangular wave form generator and explain its working. Also find the expression for the frequency of the triangular wave form generated.
 - (c) Explain astable multivibrator circuit using 555 IC. What will be the time period of the output waveform? Why this circuit is called as free running?

- 3. Attempt any two parts of the following: $10 \times 2 = 20$
 - (a) Explain the general feedback concept. What is the Barkhausen criteria? Enlist the characteristics of ideal op-amp.
 - (b) Explain the salient feature of the Piezoelectric crystal and hence describe the crystal oscillator.
 - (c) Design a sample and hold circuit using op-amp.

 Draw its performance characteristics curve and state its applications.
- 4. Attempt any four parts of the following: $5\times4=20$
 - (a) What do you mean by comparator? Draw the circuit diagram of zero crossing detector using op-amp and explain its working with proper input and output waveforms.
 - (b) Explain the circuit diagram and working of Schmmit trigger. Draw the output waveform if the sawtooth wave is given in the input of Schmmit trigger circuit.
 - (c) Explain the operation of peak detector circuit using op-amp. Write down the conditions for proper working of the peak detector.

- (d) Draw the circuit diagram of differentiator using op-amp. Derive the output expression of an integrator. Draw the output waveform if input square wave is applied in the input of an integrator.
- (e) Explain the working of 2 bit simultaneous A/D converter. How many comparators will be needed if digital output of n bit is required?
- (f) Explain the following:
 - (i) CMRR
 - (ii) Slew rate
 - (iii) Input offset voltage
 - (iv) Concept of virtual ground
- 5. Attempt any four parts of the following: $5 \times 4 = 20$
 - (a) Why do we need precision rectifier? Draw the circuit and explain the operation of precision rectifier.
 - (b) Design a first order Butterworth low pass filter at a cutoff frequency of 1 KHz with a passband gain of 2. Draw the circuit diagram.

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- (c) Find the output voltage from a 5 bit R-2R ladder that has a digital input of 11010. Assume that 0=0V and 1=+10. Also find the output voltages caused by each bit.
- (d) Draw the diagram of counter type A/D converter and explain its operation. For an 8 bit converter driven by 500 kHz clock. Find the averation conversion time.
- (e) For a 4 input resistive divider (0 = 0 V and 1 = +10 V). Find:
 - (i) The full scale output voltage
 - (ii) The output voltage change due to LSB
 - (iii) Analog output voltage for a digital input of 1011
- (f) What are the logarithmic amplifiers? How can the temperature dependence the output of basic log amplifier be avoided?